

## Safety Guidelines with Lentiviral Delivery Systems

SBI's Expression lentivectors together with the pPACK packaging plasmids comprise the third-generation lentiviral expression system. The HIV-based lentivectors are based on the vectors developed for gene therapy applications by Dr. J. G. Sodroski (US patent #5,665,577 and # 5,981,276).

Both FIV-based and HIV-based lentivector systems are designed to maximize their biosafety features, which include:

- A deletion in the enhancer of the U3 region of 3'ΔLTR ensures self-inactivation of the lentiviral construct after transduction and integration into genomic DNA of the target cells.
- The CMV promoter (in FIV-based vectors) and RSV promoter (in HIV-based vectors) upstream of 5'LTR in the lentivector allow efficient Tat-independent production of viral RNA, reducing the number of genes from HIV-1 that are used in this system.
- Number of lentiviral genes necessary for packaging, replication and transduction is reduced to three (gag, pol, rev), and the corresponding proteins are expressed from different plasmids (for HIV-based packaging plasmids) lacking packaging signals and share no significant homology to any of the expression lentivectors, pVSV-G expression vector, or any other vector, to prevent generation of recombinant replication-competent virus.
- None of the HIV-1 genes (gag, pol, rev) will be present in the packaged viral genome, as they are expressed from packaging plasmids lacking packaging signal—therefore, the lentiviral particles generated are replication-incompetent.
- Pseudoviral particles will carry only a copy of your expression construct.

Despite the above safety features, use of HIV-based vectors falls within NIH Biosafety Level 2 criteria due to the potential biohazard risk of possible recombination with endogenous viral sequences to form self-replicating virus, or the possibility of insertional mutagenesis. For a description of laboratory biosafety level criteria, consult the Centers for Disease Control Office of Health and Safety Web site at <http://www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/bmbl4/bmbl4s3.htm>. It is also important to check with the health and safety guidelines at your institution regarding the use of lentiviruses and always follow standard microbiological practices, which include:

- Wear gloves and lab coat all the time when conducting the procedure.
- Always work with pseudoviral particles in a Class II laminar flow hood.
- All procedures are performed carefully to minimize the creation of splashes or aerosols.
- Work surfaces are decontaminated at least once a day and after any spill of viable material.
- All cultures, stocks, and other regulated wastes are decontaminated before disposal by an approved decontamination method such as autoclaving. Materials to be decontaminated outside of the immediate laboratory area are to be placed in a durable, leakproof, properly marked (biohazard, infectious waste) container and sealed for transportation from the laboratory.